

Hungarian varieties redefine farming in dryland Kenya

Inside the two-year adaptation trials turning Machakos dust into green gold

On the cracked plains of Machakos County, where many farmers have surrendered harvests to the tyranny of heat and unpredictable skies, a quiet revolution is rewriting the narrative of dryland agriculture. It is September — historically the harshest stretch of Kenya's long dry spell when the land is bleached and parched, and even the sturdiest shrubs bow in defeat. Yet on this Tuesday morning, September 23, 2025, a startling contrast breaks the monotony of browns and ochres. A lush, almost luminous patch of green rises from the dust, shimmering defiantly under the unforgiving sun. At first glance, it looks like an illusion. But a step closer, and the mirage reveals itself as reality: thriving rows of tomatoes, chillies, melons, cucumbers, and capsicums, brimming with vitality that has no business existing in this heat. This farm — a Kenyan demonstration site — has become a living gallery of what happens when genetics, climate adaptation, and precision agriculture converge.



Hungary-Kenyan collaboration

This field is the centerpiece of a two-year pilot project by commissioned by the Hungarian University of Agiculture and Life Sciences (MATE) with the support of the Hungarian Ministry of Agriculture in collaboration with a local Kenyan company- Hunagro Consult Limited. The cooperation has seen the evaluation of seeds from ZKI which is a European vegetable breeder renowned for its climate-resilient genetics. In partnership with Hunagro Consult Limited and local agronomists, ZKI set out to answer a critical question:

How can their vegetable varieties perform in Kenya's increasingly volatile drylands?

The stakes are high. Kenya's semi-arid regions make up more than 80 percent of the country's landmass, with only 20 percent mapped as arable. Millions of people depend on the 1/3 for food and income. While climate change has rendered rainfall unreliable and production risky, a growing population has shrunk agricultural lands leading to development of innovations to cope with the erratic weather patterns as well as make the drylands productive.

If seeds can't stand the heat, farmers can't stand a chance. So, ZKI brought five carefully selected varieties into Kenya's harshest landscapes — not to test their limits, but to redefine them.

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Inside the field day: from skepticism to awe

Farmers, extension officers, county officials and agribusinesses gathered to witness how the demonstration site challenged long-held assumptions about what Kenyan dryland farmers can realistically achieve. "This project shows how breeding, data, and precision tools can make dryland farming profitable," said the ZKI representative, gesturing toward the emerald rows of crops. One by one, the star performers took the stage.



Kennedy Nzioka, Managing Director, Hunagro Consult Limited.



Gigant F1

The bold red flame built for drought

The crowd leaned in as a ZKI official plucked a chilli from a glossy, vigorous plant. Gigant F1, he explained, isn't merely heat-tolerant — it is engineered for survival.

What makes it exceptional?



- A deep, aggressive root system capableof tapping moisture far below dry soil
- Heat-tolerant fruit set
- · Thick, firm skin ideal for transport
- Outstanding uniformity and high yields under minimal irrigation
- Crispy flesh, tasty fruits! Indeterminate sweet hybrid for forcing and for intensive open field production, high yield, big fruits
- Middle-fast growing speed Fruits are elongated California type, ripe from dark green to dark red colour,
- Average size is 70-90 mm wide and 120-150 mm long
 Stress tolerance and shelf-life is over the average
- Flesh is thick, after ripening has an intensive red colour
- Fruits are suitable for the fresh market and for export
- Average fruit weight: 150-200 g

During the trials, Gigant F1 delivered yields comparable to those seen in well-watered regions — a performance that stunned many. "In this climate, predictability is everything," said farmer Ronald Musyoki, who hosted the Machakos trial plot. "Gigant F1 doesn't just survive the heat - it thrives in it."

SAHARA F1

a game-changer for greenhouses and open fields

When ZKI named this variety Sahara F1, perhaps they anticipated where it would shine: hot, dry, demanding environments where weaker crops retreat **Traits include**:



- · High resistance to fungal diseases
- · Excellent tolerance to high temperatures
- Versatility across greenhouse and openfield conditions

- · Reduced need for chemical inputs
- · Hotness and resistance at a high level!
- · Indeterminate hot green pepper novelty
- · Resistant to tomato spotted wilt virus and powdery mildew
- · Balanced vegetative-generative growth, easy to manage and to produce
- Internode size is optimal, suitable for long cultivation
- · Stable fruit set throughout the whole season, easy to renew
- · Fruits keep their nice, straight shape
- · Marketable, light green colour
- Well-developed root system, good nutrientuptake
- Excellent storability and transportability
- · Very hot, from the tip of the fruits
- Average length 20-25 cm, average width 3-4 cm
- · Average fruit weight: 50-65 g

"This is the future of sustainable production," said the Hungarian Seeds agronomist. "Less water, fewer chemicals, and consistent yield across seasons." Sahara performed especially well in dry climate with uneven temperatures, making it ideal for farmers seeking stability in unpredictable climates.

GREEN MAMBA F1

flavor, heat, and market appeal

Long, sleek, and strikingly green, Green Mamba F1 has quickly become a farmer favorite for one simple reason: it sells fast. Its traits check every important hox:

- Excellent pungency and aroma
- Firm structure and consistent size
- · Strong disease resistance
- · Low chemical requirements
- Attractive to both local and export markets
- · Highly resistant, extremely hot!
- Indeterminate hot green pepper with TSWV resistance
- · Eective resistance package
- Strong branch and stem, easy to grow, excellent for long term cultivation
- · High yield in 21+ cm fruit category
- · Thick flesh, dark-green coloured fruits



Well-developed root system, eective nutrient absorbing

- Extra sized fruits, stable shape
- · Extremely hot fruits
- Average fruitweight:50-65g

"It's a variety that excites consumers and simplifies farming," the breeder explained. For smallholders juggling high input costs and volatile markets, Green Mamba F1 offers a profitable, low-maintenance option.

GRIZZLY F1 MELON

sweetness that survives the sun

Even more surprising was the success of Grizzly F1, a water melon variety that ripened beautifully under semi-arid stress.

Farmers tasted the fruits and nodded in approval. Traders confirmed the sweetness and shelf life matched even surpassed melons grown under irrigation-intensive systems.

Key advantages observed:

- High sugar content even under heat stress
- Strong, firm flesh ideal for transport
- Excellent adaptability to low-water zones
- Uniform big size, excellent yield, the traders' demand!
- Very early production
- · Nice attractive outside colour
- · Strong vigor, fruits are well covered by leaves
- Uniform big size 15-20 kg
- · Nice quality, deep red flesh

- · Reliable and very stable productivity in all weather conditions
- Not sensitive to sunburn
- · Excellent flesh quality, suitable for slicing markets

"These melons show that fruit farming doesn't have to disappear from dryland Kenya," the breeder said. "It simply needs the right genetics."



Hungarian cucumbers

fresh, crisp, and heat-tolerant

The cucumber trials drew the most murmurs of disbelief. Cucumbers are typically fragile in high heat. Yet under mulch and drip irrigation, the Hungarian lines produced:

- High-density fruits
- · Excellent skin finish
- Uniformity ideal for supermarkets
- Strong tolerance to 32°C+ temperatures

Mr. Musyoki laughed as he inspected a heavy vine.

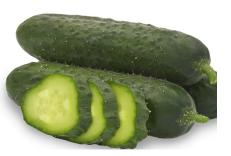
"Cucumbers in Machakos?" he said. "If you told me this last year, I'd have laughed. But now — we will plant them every season."





- Spined parthenocarpic pickling cucumber for canning industry
- Recommended for open field horizontal, intensive technology
- Strong leaf area with small leafs, sideshoots are shorteasy to harvest
- Outstanding abiotic and biotic stress tolerance of the leaf area
- · Good plant health due to the disease resistance package
- Very good yield, stable fruit setting with 1-2 fruit/nodes
- Fruits are dark green with regular cylindrical shape without deformation, keep their size
- Very good shape, ratio and inside quality- optimalised for the canning industry's requirements









Precision agriculture takes to the skies





Beyond the seeds, this year's trials introduced a drone-based monitoring system- marking one of the first instances of aerial precision agriculture with smallholder productions systems. Hunagro Consult Limited integrated Hungarian drone models from ABZ innovations for scouting to map crop health, identify stress zones and track moisture variations across the field. The drones used multispectral imaging to detect early signs of pest attacks and nutrient deficiencies invisible to the naked eye.



Farmers were trained to interpret simple aerial maps generated after each flight, giving them a visual guide to their crops' health. The company believes this low-cost technology, once scaled, could significantly improve productivity in regions where extension services are limited.

"This combination of high quality seeds and smart monitoring is the future," the Hungarian representative emphasized. "You can't fight climate change with guesswork — you need data." The drones produced simple, color-coded maps that farmers could interpret with minimal training the ZKI official emphasized.

Promise made, promise kept

As the sun lowered over the rolling hills of Machakos and the plains of Mwea, visitors gathered to discuss the day's findings. The consensus was clear: these weren't just test plots, but proof that dryland farming can be profitable, sustainable, and high-tech. In an era of erratic rainfall and shrinking fertile land, resilient seeds paired with data-driven farming tools are giving growers new control over their outcomes. "These trials show what's possible," said Mr. Kennedy Nzioka, the managing director from Hunagro Consult Limited. "For the first time, we're seeing European seed genetics and digital tools come together

to solve Kenyan problems — on Kenyan soil." For farmers like Mr. Ronald Musyoki, the change feels tangible. "We used to fear the dry season," he said, smiling as he inspected a row of thriving cucumbers. "Now, it's just another season to plant." In the heart of the Machakos dust, the message was unmistakable: with the right seed, a drop of innovation and an eye in the sky, abundance can bloom even where nature once said no.

For dryland regions where extension services are scarce, drone-guided agronomy could be transformative.

Hunagro Consult Limited is a Kenyan based organization founded in 2018 as a private –sector company to provide agricultural consultancy with aim of introducing and promoting the innovative Hungarian Agricultural products and solutions in the African Market targeting small, medium and large scale farmers.

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